### **MEDICAL BOARDS**

# Briefing Outline

- Purpose of Medical Disability Evaluation System
- Overview of the process
  - Permanent profiles
  - MMRB
  - MEB and PEB
- Responsibilities
- POC's

### Abbreviations

- PPES: Physical Profile Evaluation System
  - AR 600-60
    - MMRB= MOS/Medical Retention Board
- DES: Disability Evaluation System
  - AR 635-40
    - MEB = Medical Evaluation Board
    - PEB = Physical Evaluation Board
    - USAPDA= U.S. Army Physical Disability Agency
    - APDAB = Army Physical Disability Appeal Board
    - ADRRB= Army Disability Rating Review Board

### PPES: Physical Profile Evaluation System

- MMRB= MOS/Medical Retention Board
  - Local board
  - Composition:
    - COL, LTC x 2, plus LTC or COL doc, CSM
  - Recommendations based on:
    - a soldier's physical ability to reasonably perform in PMOS or specialty, in his/her rank, under worldwide field conditions.
    - experience, common sense, and judgment of board members

### DES: Disability Evaluation System

- Permanent Profile- P3
  - 3 medical officer signatures
- MEB (MEBD) = Medical Evaluation Board
  - Local "board"
  - MEB Narrative Summary- by physician
- PEB = Physical Evaluation Board
  - Ft. Sam Houston
  - three members
    - president, personnel management officer, and a medical officer

# **Disability Evaluation System:**Roles of MEB and PEB

#### MEB

 To document a service member's medical status, and the resultant duty limitations

#### PEB

 To decide fitness/unfitness for further military duty in their PMOS/SSI of physical or mental disability

### Disability Evaluation System-Purpose

- Maintain an effective and fit military organization with maximum use of available manpower.
- **Provide benefits for eligible soldiers** whose military service is *terminated* because of a service-connected disability.
- Provide prompt disability processing while ensuring that the rights and interests of the government and the soldier are protected.

### Disability Evaluation System

#### • Is not:

 an entitlement acquired by reason of serviceconnected illness or injury;

#### Is:

 provided to soldiers whose service is interrupted and they can no longer continue to reasonably perform in their PMOS/SSI because of a physical disability incurred or aggravated in service.

# Physical Profile Codes

- 1 = Fully functional
- 2 = Maximum effort for long periods
  - limitations are minimal
- 3 = Maximum effort for only brief periods
  - P3 requires MMRB or MEB
- 4 = Unable to perform any military duties
  - rarely written

(If you disagree - call the Doc!)

# Temporary Profile

- For self-limited conditions
  - that can be expected to improve
- >30 days: must be confirmed by physician.
- Every 3 months: re-eval required
- May do Alt. APFT if temp. profile is 90 days or more (must have 90 days to prepare)
- At 12 months must show medical action or disposition (Permanent profile).

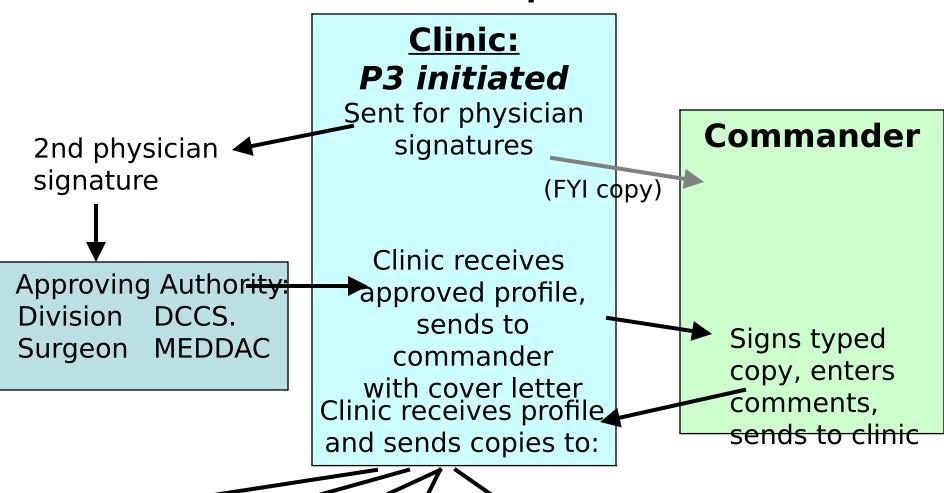
### Permanent Profile

- Requires 2 physician signatures
- Requires Approving Authority
  - = senior physician
- May be amended anytime if medically indicated:
  - → May be <u>upgraded</u> or <u>downgraded</u>
- Reviewed and signed by commander
- Copy must go to AG/G-1.
- Reviewed at each periodic physical.

### P2 vs. P3

- Source of ongoing debate
- P3 if:
  - can't train for or run the APFT 2 mile
  - can't carry 40 lb ruck
  - can't carry duffel bag
  - limited road marching (with ruck)
- Questions:
  - contact the physician

# The Profile process



AG, medical record, clinic file, soldier, Patient Affairs at MEDDAC(if for

AFZP- MD	Date:
MEMORANDUM FROM:	(Clinic Name)
MEMORANDUM FOR: COMMANDER	(Unit Name)
SUBJECT: NOTIFICATION OF PERMANENT PROFILE on (soldier's name)	
<ol> <li>This memorandum is to notify you that the soldier listed above is receiving a permanent profile (see attached DA Form 3349).</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>This profile requires signatures by three physicians, including the APPROVING AUTHORITY. If there is not currently a signature, then the attached profile is for your information only, and you will receive the completed profile after it is processed through medical channels.</li> </ol>	
3. When you receive the completed profile (with three signatures), as commander, you must indicate under "ACTION BY UNIT COMMANDER" whether the permanent profile DOES or DOES NOT require a change in the soldier's MOS or duty assignment.	
4. This soldier is being referred to one of the following (see instructions below): (you may use this form as a checklist)	
MMRB: MOS Medical Potention Board	MEB: Medical Evaluation Board
Instructions to commanders:	Instructions to commanders:
Forward one copy of the completed DA Form 3349 to: AG, Bldg. 624 ATTN: Mrs. Whitfield.	Forward one copy of the completed DA Form 3349 to: AG, Bldg. 624, ASTN: Mrs. Whitfield.
You will be advised by AG to submit a Commander's Letter for the MMRB. AG will provide you with instructions.	Ensure that the soldier does the following:  NOW: Schedules a physical examination as his or her regular clinic.
	Completes Parts 1 and 2 of the physical examination
	After Physical Examination: Goes to Winn Army Hospital, Patient Affairs Branch (PAB) (first floor), with
	copy of profile and his or her medical records,  *You vill be contacted by PAB by memorandum
	informing you that your soldier has been entered into the Disability Evaluation System. <b>after your soldier sees them</b> (if you haven't been contacted, then your soldier hasn't
	seen them). This memorandum indicates initiation of the MEB. No memorandum = MEB has not been started yet.
	AFTER THE Appointment with the PAB: Soldier schedules an appointment for MEB Dictation at the hospital. This appointment should be scheduled for a date AFTER the MEB physical examination.
	Is present for the MEB Dictation appointment.
(version: 1 Mar 00, #2)	

# Letter to Commanders

Sent to commanders with copy of permaner profile.

Designates:

- MEB
- •or MMRB

### Permanent Profiles

- Commanders should expect to get:
  - Copy of completed profile (three signatures)
    - and cover letter
  - Notification by AG (for MMRB)
  - Notification by Patient Affairs, MEDDAC (for MEB/PEB)
- Commanders must:
  - provide comments and signature on profile
  - provide letter for MMRB or MEB

### Who goes to MMRB

- Reasonable possibility of continued deployability and performance of PMOS duties in field conditions
  - includes the capability of performing basic physical tasks IAW STP 21-2.
- When physician does <u>not</u> refer to MEB
- <u>NOT</u>: Soldiers with approved retirement, bars to reenlistment, or pending admin separation

### Who goes to MEB

- MMRB directed
- Physician directed:
  - IAW Ch. 3, AR 40-501
  - When profiling physicians determine that soldier can't perform soldier tasks
    - (use chain of command input when necessary)
  - When profile-approving authority directs case to MEB.
- DA directed :
  - If MMRB's recommendation for reclassification is disapproved at DA

### Who does <u>NOT</u> go to <u>MEB</u>

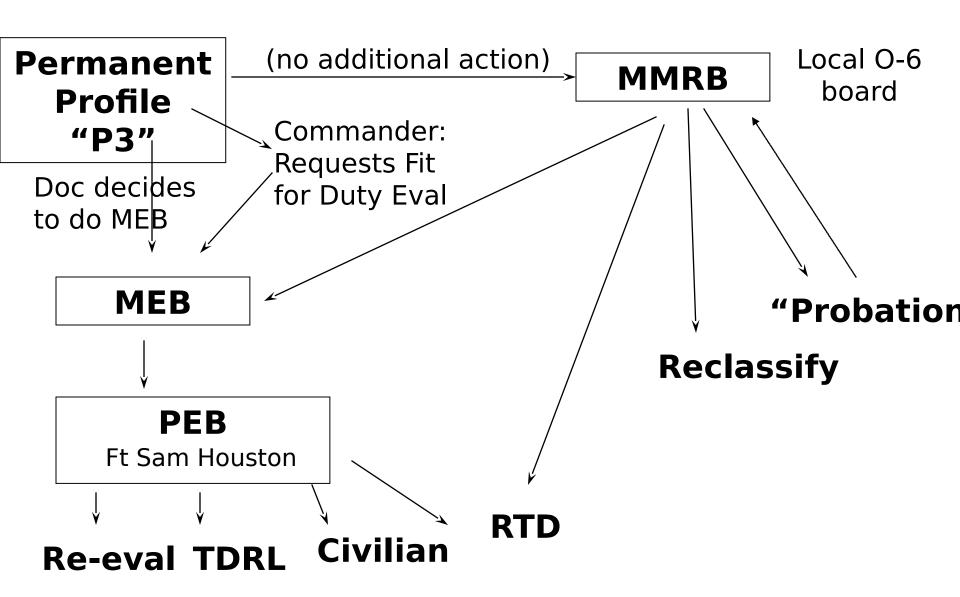
#### Enlisted:

- no MEB/PEB when action has been started for discharge under other than honorable conditions.
  - GCMA may abate the administrative separation.

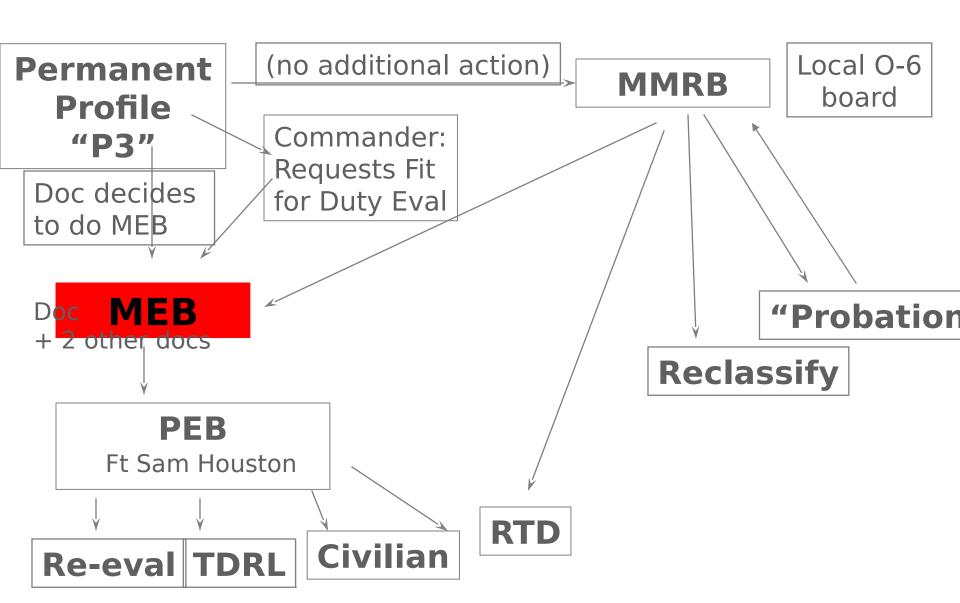
#### Commissioned or warrant officer:

- no MEB/PEB <u>instead</u> of elimination action (administrative separation) that could result in separation under other than honorable conditions.
  - will be processed *simultaneously* for administrative separation and physical disability evaluation.

### MEB/PEB- Overview



### MEB Process



### MEB Process

P3 profile initiated, sent for signatures

Soldier schedules & completes physical exam at clinic

Clinic sends letter of intent to MEDDAC Patient Affairs Branch (PAB)

Soldier to Patient Affairs with profile, medical record: Initial counseling

PAB sends memorandum to commander

PAB arranges MEB dictation appointment

Soldier goes to MEB dictation appointment

Soldier has follow-up with PAB

# Timeline for MEB/PEB

P3 initiated 2 weeks P3 signed **★** 60 days **MEB completed locally** PEB completed- t. Sam Houston USAPDA35 days APPAB10 days

### PEB Must Determine:

- Fitness for duty
- Did the condition:
  - begin prior to or during service
  - become aggravated by service
- Eligibility for benefits
  - Title 10 USC 1201 thru 1203
- Permanency of condition
- Per cent disability

# Deployability

- Soldiers are nondeployable when:
  - (1) The soldier gets a P3 profile, and has not yet completed MEB/PEB or MMRB process and has been determined fit for duty
    - \*pending MMRB: may deploy for training
  - (2) The MMRBCA refers the soldier to the Army's disability evaluation system.
  - (3) The MMRBCA recommends that the soldier be reclassified or change specialty code.
  - (4) The MMRBCA places the soldier in a probationary status.

# Physician Responsibilities

- Quality medical care:
  - Accurate diagnosis
  - Thorough evaluation plan
  - Comprehensive treatment plan
- Accurate profile
  - consistent externally- with soldier's condition
  - consistent internally (not self-contradictory)
  - look at the profile from commander's viewpoint
  - complete the entire profile
  - use understandable language

# Physician Responsibilities

- Protect the soldier's health
  - validate soldier's pain, unless strong proof of malingering
- Watch for profile shopping
  - Soldier is not in charge of the profile process
- Communicate with chain of command
  - with the soldier present
- Specify MMRB or MEB on profile
- Copy of profile to:
  - soldier, commander, AG, MEB, clinic file

# Unit Surgeon Responsibilities

- Sustain unit readiness-
  - process profile and physical exam promptly
  - work with Tf and S-1's:
    - track profiles and MEB's being processed
    - provide update for USR

# Soldier Responsibilities

- Attend all appointments
  - inform chain of command
- Follow physical therapy program closely
  - incl. "HEP" (home exercise program")
- Provide copy of profile to chain of command

# Command Responsibilities

- Ensure soldier makes <u>all</u> appointments
- Discuss concerns about profile with physician
- Provide Commander's Statement
  - for MMRB and MEB
- Line of Duty Investigations when required
  - must be completed and approved prior to MEB
  - acute injuries: Unit conducts LOD
  - overuse injuries: PAB conducts LOD

## Command Responsibilities

- Ensure counseling with documentation on disciplinary problems
- Adhere to policy on Deployability
- Chapter 7,14,15 actions (instead of MEB)
- TDY- is responsibility of unit of assignment
- Do not make soldiers feel like outcasts

### **AG** Duties

- Collect all P3's
- Coordinate MMRB
  - schedule
  - contact soldiers
  - contact commanders
  - brief board members

# Patient Affairs Branch: Duties

- Initial briefing of soldier
- Notify commander and provide instructions
- Coordinate for completion of MEB
- Coordinate with PEB and other agencies
- Provide status reports to Brigade Surgeons at end of month

# S-1 can help:

- Give list of anybody you think is medically non-deployable (pending action) to unit surgeon
  - Especially those PENDING medical board/MMRB
  - BN PA, or BDE Surgeon will verify status, assist with processing

### POC's

- Chief, Patient Affairs Branch
  - Physical Evaluation Board Liaison Officer (PEBLO)
- Alternate PEBLO
- TDRL Coordinator-
- Medical Clerk (Births, Deaths)
- Line of Duty/Automation Clerk

### POC's

- Profiles, Physical Exams
- MMRB

### POC's

 Physical Evaluation Board Liaison Officer (PEBLO)

Alternate PEBLO